

Society of Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied Sciences

Istanbul, Turkey January 05-06, 2019

CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

BOOK OF ABSTRACTS ECBA-2019

International Conference on
"Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic and Applied
Sciences"
(ECBA-2019), Istanbul, Turkey



Book of Abstracts Proceeding

International Conference on
"Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic and Applied
Sciences"
(ECBA-2019)
Istanbul, Turkey

Office Address:

M2-17-01 Tower 2, Level 17 8trium

Bandar Sri Damansara

52200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Contact: (+6) 03 6735 6566

Email: Contact@academicfora.Com



All rights reserved. No part of this publication maybe reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher. Applications for the copyright holder's written permission to produce any part of this publication should be addressed to the publisher.

Proceedings of the International Conference on

"Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic and Applied Sciences (ECBA-2019)"

ISBN: 978-969-683-930-9

Disclaimer

Every reasonable effort has been made to ensure that the material in this book is true, correct, complete, and appropriate at the time of writing. Nevertheless the publishers, the editors, and the authors do not accept responsibility for any omission or error, or for any injury, damage, lose, or financial consequences arising from the use of the book. The views expressed by the contributors do not necessarily reflect those of the Academic Fora



TABLE OF CONTENTS

OR	GANIZING COMMITTEEV
CO	NFERENCE CHAIR MESSAGEVI
	ACK A: ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, COMPUTER, SIC & APPLIED SCIENCES10
1.	DESIGN AND SIMULATION OF OPTIMIZED QPSK TRANSMITTER USING HDL CODE IN MATALB11
2.	SUSTAINABILITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TO AN EVALUATION SYSTEM OF THE HOUSING IN ALGERIA 12
TRO	CAK B: MEDICAL, MEDICINE AND HEALTH SCIENCES 13
3.	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SHARI'AH FRAMEWORK FOR THE APPLICATION OF SOMATIC GENE THERAPY IN HUMAN 14
	ACK C: BUSINESS, ECONOMICS, SOCIAL SCIENCE & MANITIES15
4.	PROBING AROUND THE CONCEPT OF "EVIL GENIUS" - WHAT PREDICTS DARK TRIAD TRAITS AMONG CREATIVE THINKERS?
5.	OPTIMAL RESERVE ACCUMULATION WITH CAPITAL CONTROLS
FUT	TURE EVENTS



International Conference on "Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic and Applied Sciences" Istanbul, Turkey

Venue: Istanbul Gonen Hotel, Istanbul Turkey

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

1. Ms. Ani Wahyu

Conference Coordinator

Email: aniwahyu@academicfora.com

2. Mr. Metha Shahi

Conference Coordinator

Email: metha@academicfora.com

3. Ms. Petrel Qiu

Conference Coordinator

Email: grace@academicfora.com

4. Mr. Metin Gurani

Conference Coordinator

Email: metin@academicfora.com



CONFERENCE CHAIR MESSAGE

Dr. Malika Ait Nasser

International Conference on "Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied Sciences" serves as platform that aims to help the scholarly community across nations to explore the critical role of multidisciplinary innovations for sustainability and growth of human societies. This conference provides opportunity to the academicians, practitioners, scientists, and scholars from across various disciplines to discuss avenues for interdisciplinary innovations and identify effective ways to address the challenges faced by our societies globally. The research ideas and studies that we received for this conference are very promising, unique, and impactful. I believe these studies have the potential to address key challenges in various sub-domains of social sciences and applied sciences.

I am really thankful to our honorable scientific and review committee for spending much of their time in reviewing the papers for this event. I am also thankful to all the participants for being here with us to create an environment of knowledge sharing and learning. We the scholars of this world belong to the elite educated class of this society and we owe a lot to return back to this society. Let's break all the discriminating barriers and get free from all minor affiliations. Let's contribute even a little or single step for betterment of society and welfare of humanity to bring prosperity, peace and harmony in this world. Stay blessed.

Thank you.

Dr. Malika Ait Nasser Conference Chair

Email: chair@academicfora.com

ECBA-2019



Conference Program

DAY 01 Saturday (January 05, 2019)

Venue: Istanbul Gonen Hotel, Istanbul Turkey

09:00 am – 09:10 am	Welcome Reception & Registration
09:10 am – 09:20 am	Introduction of Participants
09:20 am – 09:30 am	Inauguration and Opening address
09:30 am – 09:40 am	Grand Networking Session
09:40 am– 10:00am	Tea Break



DAY 01 Saturday (January 05, 2019)

Session I (10:00 am - 11:00 am)

Venue: Room 1

Track A: Business, Social Sciences and Humanities

DIRMBSH-019-ANI104	Probing Around the Concept of ""Evil Genius"	Sara Kanwal	Pakistan
DIRMBSH-019-ANI109	Optimal Reserve Accumulation with Capital Controls	Bada Han	USA

Track B: Engineering, Technology, Computer and Applied Sciences

IST-119-101E	Design and Simulation of Optimized QPSK Transmitter using HDL Code in MATALB	Alhamzah Taher Mohammed	Iraq
AISE-JAN-101	Sustainability and Environmental Quality to an Evaluation System of the Housing in Algeria	Daouadi Khedidja	Algeria

Track C: Medical, Medicine and Health Sciences

	Establishment of the Shari'ah Framework for the Application	Zakiah Samori	Malaysia
IST-119-105M	of Somatic Gene Therapy in Human		

Lunch Break (11:00 am – 12:00 pm) Closing Ceremony



DAY 02 Sunday (January 06, 2019)

City Tour and Shopping Day

All respective guests are free to conduct their own sightseeing and tour. The second day of the event is reserved for this memorable purpose.



TRACK A: ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, COMPUTER, BASIC & APPLIED SCIENCES



Design and Simulation of Optimized QPSK Transmitter using HDL Code in MATALB

Alhamzah Taher Mohammed *

Abstract In this paper the design and simulation of QPSK transmitter using HDL code in MATLAB is presented. Different applications in DSP require mathematical modeling for investigation and analysis due to the complexity of HDL code language. The idea of design the HDL-SIMULINK form using MATLAB is offering enough facility to modify and improve the wireless communication systems. The methodology of implement any DSP model in real time based on FPGA platforms require to translate the MATLAB-SIMULINK model to HDL code prior the bit generation which downloaded to this board. The floating point implementation should be transferred to fixed point for high dynamic range of applications. An alternative approach has been proposed based on HDL code and the property of simulation environments in MATLAB is designed. The data transfer, synchronization and driving sample between simulink and HDL language are explained in this paper.

Keywords: QPSK Transmitter, HDL, MATALB, System Generator

Electrical Engineering Technical College - Middle technical university 2- Part time in (Computer Techniques Engineering - Dijlah University Collage), Iraq

*E-mail: alhamza_tm@yahoo.com



Sustainability and Environmental Quality to an Evaluation System of the Housing in Algeria

Daouadi Khedidja*

Abstract We all agree on the facty that our planet is facing big challenges of ddegradation and environmental crisis. Since the energy crisis in 1973, developed countries have never stopped looking for solutions:

The United Nations General Assembly (world Cossision on Environement and Development), in 1987 known as 'Bruntland report which defines the sustainable development. Then through the Rio Comference held in Brazil. zhich accorded great importance to the application of the principles of sustainable development based on the three pillars: social, environmental and and economic; to other interventions. Depends on this awareness planetary, it seems that actors in the field of architecture are among responsible to seek solutions. On the other hand, to measure the environemental quality in the realized buildings is an objective which tightens at an approach of isprovement of the frame lives of the occupants and the users to guarantee them the conditions the most confortable inside and the outside the building. To favor the development of more and more successful buildings is the current context on the energy and environemental plan. In our field of investigation, we notice the absence of the evaluation of the environement quality and the unavailability of a tool for its measured which stands out as the main factor to make an improvement in Algeria. The present research tend to adopt and adapt an environmental. Evaluation tool fort he quality of the building in Algeria.

Keywords: Suistainability, Environement, Quality, Energy, Housing, Algeria, Confort, Certification, Evaluation

Oum El Bouaghi University, Algeria *E-mail: daouadi.khadija1@gmail.com



TRCAK B: MEDICAL, MEDICINE AND HEALTH SCIENCES



Establishment of the Shari'ah Framework for the Application of Somatic Gene Therapy in Human

Zakiah Samori¹, Fadilah Abd Rahman²

Abstract Human gene therapy is best known as a transfer of nucleic acids to either the somatic cells or germ cells of an individual. It introduces genetic materials which have therapeutic purpose ranging from inherited genetic disorders to certain malignancies and infectious diseases. This medical scientific breakthrough has received lucrative demand worldwide as it offers potential treatment to cure genetic diseases in human at the molecular level. Since then, thousands of people have already participated in the trials thus it is likely to be part of medical practice in the future. Despite of the tremendous benefits that it promises, this new biomedical technology has given rise to several contentious issues from the ethical and religious point of view. Since it comprises of two different therapies namely somatic and germ line gene therapy, each involves different procedures thereby poses different legal ruling and decision. This study attempts to propose a complementary model of the Shari'ah framework on the human gene therapy with special reference to the somatic gene therapy. This proposed framework is designed and developed to fulfil the lacuna of the Shari'ah Framework on the application of the somatic gene therapy after an in depth study of its position from the Shari'ah point of view. In achieving this, a detailed analysis and outlook into the Our'anic evidences along with the Hadith of the Prophet Muhammad pbuh were carried out. Following this, its position from the pragmatic approach of the Magasid al-Syariyyah (Objective of the Shari'ah) and the Qawa'id Fighiyyah (Islamic Legal Maxims) is also analysed in further detailThis model of Shariah Framework would serve as the ethical basis for the application of somatic gene therapy in Malaysia and beyond (particularly Muslim countries) especially for Muslim doctors, scientists and Muslims at large. For Muslim countries such as Malaysia where Muslims makes the majority of the population and Islam as the official religion in Article 3 of its Federal Constitution, this framework is deemed to be important reference in providing the essential guidelines on the permissibility of this therapy. Consideration of the position of Somatic Gene Therapy from the Shari'ah perspective is undeniably crucial in any attempt to regulate Somatic Gene Therapy in any Muslim countries in the future.

Keywords: Somatic Gene Therapy, Shari'ah Framework, Islamic Principles Maqasid Syariyyah Qawaid Fiqhiyyah

Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM), Malaysia

*E-mail: zakiah@gmail.com



TRACK C: BUSINESS, ECONOMICS, SOCIAL SCIENCE & HUMANITIES



Probing Around the Concept of "Evil Genius" - What Predicts Dark Triad Traits among Creative Thinkers?

Sara Kanwal¹*, Rukhsana Kausar²

Abstract The current correlational research attempts to probe around the concept of "evil genius" and to identify potential predictors (general intelligence (IQ), emotional intelligence (EQ), social intelligence (SQ) and development) of Dark Triad (Psychopathy, Narcissism, Machiavellianism) personality traits. The study involved a sample of creative thinkers (N=192) collected via non-probability purposive sampling and also explored the role of 'creative thinking' (n=192) as a mediator in the proposed model. Assessment measures included Abedi-Schumacher Creativity Test (Abedi, 1994), Emotional Intelligence Scale (Schutte, et al., 1998), Social Skills Inventory (Riggio, 1986), Moral Judgment Test (Lind, 2008), Wechsler Abbreviated Scale of Intelligence (Wechsler, 1999) and Dirty Dozen Scale (Jonason & Webster, 2010). Results highlighted a full mediational role of creative-thinking in the relationship between EQ, SQ, MQ and sub-clinical Narcissism; EQ and sub-clinical psychopathy; MQ and Machiavellianism. Moreover, partial mediations were observed between SQ, MQ and psychopathy; SQ and Machiavellianism. This study contributed intriguing findings that would help clinicians and related professionals to devise/improvise rigorous strategies for an enhanced management of dark triad traits in creative thinkers and would help maintain the utmost crucial balance between a positive and negative traits in a creative thinker.

Keywords: Dark Triad (Sub-Clinical Narcissism, Sub-Clinical Psychopathy, Machiavellianism), Creative Thinking



^{1,2} University of Management & Technology, Lahore, Pakistan

^{*}E-mail: sarakanwal28@gmail.com

Optimal Reserve Accumulation with Capital Controls

Bada Han*

Abstract In this paper, we first build a model of international reserves as a policy tool against sudden stops where we introduce two distinctive features. First, we assume that reserves can work as a collateral so as to provide Emerging Market Economies (EMEs) more leverage. This assumption not only provides an incentive to hold costly reserves, but also explains why EMEs were hesitant to deplete their reserves during sudden stops. Second, following recent papers of foreign exchange market interventions, we assume that UIP does not perfectly hold in foreign exchange markets in EMEs, which allows reserve accumulation to raise the Net Foreign Assets of the EME. However, despite the two advantages of accumulating reserves, holding reserves results in a form of moral hazard of decentralized agents. Moreover, because of the moral hazard, the reserves management policy is time-inconsistent. With the constructed model, we explore how macroprudential capital controls can handle these side effects. Like the preceding works, we find that the optimal tax on the foreign borrowing eliminates the moral hazard, which greatly raises the effectiveness of reserve accumulation. Further, we show the optimal tax rate on foreign borrowings increases in reserves since the size of the overborrowing becomes larger as the government accumulates more reserves. Based on this finding, we suggest a simple, yet effective taxation in which the tax rate increases in reserve accumulation.

Keywords: International Reserve, Capital Control, Sudden Stop

University of Southern California, USA

*E-mail: badahan@usc.edu



FUTURE EVENTS



You can find the Details regarding our future events by following below:

Business, Economics, Social Science & Humanities (BESSH) Conferences:

http://academicfora.com/buisness-conference-home/

Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied Science

http://academicfora.com/engineering-conference-home/

Medical, Medicine & Health Science

http://academicfora.com/medical-conference-home/

For paper publication:

You can contact at publication@academicfora.com





VISION

Our vision is to promote research excellence through networking Platform.