

International Conference on
Engineering & Technology, Computer ,
Basic & Applied Sciences

ECBA-2015

Volume 12 Issue 1

Antalya, Turkey

CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

BOOK OF ABSTRACTS ECBA-2015

**International Conference on
“Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied
Science”
(ECBA-2015) Antalya, Turkey**

Book of Abstracts Proceedings

**International Conference on
“ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, COMPUTER, BASIC &
APPLIED SCIENCE”
(ECBA-2015)
Antalya, Turkey**

Office Address: Academic Fora
125 JalanSetia 5, Jinjang Utara 52000
Kuala Lumpur Malaysia
Contact: +6 0 362 528131
Email: contact@academicfora.com

All rights reserved. No part of this publication maybe reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher. Applications for the copyright holder's written permission to produce any part of this publication should be addressed to the publisher.

Proceedings of the International Conference on
“Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied
Science
(ECBA-2015)”

ISBN: 978-969-670-038-8

Disclaimer

Every reasonable effort has been made to ensure that the material in this book is true, correct, complete, and appropriate at the time of writing. Nevertheless the publishers, the editors, and the authors do not accept responsibility for any omission or error, or for any injury, damage, lose, or financial consequences arising from the use of the book. The views expressed by the contributors do not necessarily reflect those of the Academic fora.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE	VI
CONFERENCE CHAIR MESSAGE.....	VII
DR. SILVIA C. AMBAG.....	VII
CONFERENCE PROGRAM	VIII
LIST OF CONFERENCE ATTENDEES	1
TRACK A: ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY	2
1. MODELING THE CONTROL SYSTEM OF SENSOR MOVEMENT MECHANISM OF LOGGING UNIT.....	3
2. SMART POWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL OF WATER STATIONS GARMIAN REGION IN IRAQ BY USING MICRO GRID	4
3. COMPARITION OF TECHNIQUES FOR VOLTAGE CONTROL AND POWER SYSTEM STABILITY IN NORTH OF IRAQ	5
TRACK B: MEDICAL, MEDICINE & HEALTH SCIENCES	6
4. THE COMPARISON OF THE SHORT TERM EFFECTS OF HIGH AND LOW POWER LASER THERAPY AND TRADITIONAL PHYSICAL THERAPY ON SUPRASPINATUS TENDINITIS	7
5. PROBLEMS OF MEDICAL CARE IN AN EMERGENCY SITUATION	8
TRACK C: BUSINESS, ECONOMICS, SOCIAL SCIENCES & HUMANITIES	9
6. ASSESSING ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS UNDER WEB FOR KARATE IN IRANIAN, ENGLISH AND JAPANESE LEAGUES.	10
7. DESIGNING AND IMPLEMENTING KNOWLEDGE INDUSTRY: AN INTEGRATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR UNIVERSITIES	11
8. GENDER AND GENRE IN MEDIEVAL WOMEN’S EPIC POETRY: SHAHNAMEH AND NIBELUNGENLIED	12
9. POLITICAL SKILLS MODERATES THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PERCEPTION OF ORGANIZATIONAL POLITICS AND JOB OUTCOMES.....	13
10. LIFE-CYCLE PERSPECTIVE OF KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT IMPLEMENTATION IN SOCIAL INNOVATION PROCESS - A DYNAMIC KNOWLEDGE CREATING PROCESS WITHIN SOCIAL ENTERPRISE	14
FUTURE EVENTS.....	1

**International Conference on
“Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied
Science at Antalya, Turkey”**

Venue: Crowne Plaza Antalya, Turkey

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

1. Dr. Silvia C. Ambag

Conference chair

Email: chair2015@academicfora.com

2. Ms. Nur Ain Binti Abu Bakar

Conference coordinator

Email: nurain@academicfora.com

3. Ms. Ani Wahyu

Conference coordinator

Email: aniwahyu@academicfora.com

4. Mr. Leon Yap

Conference coordinator

Leonyap@academicfora.com



CONFERENCE CHAIR MESSAGE

DR. SILVIA C. AMBAG

International Conference on Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied Science” serves as platform that aims to help the scholarly community across nations to explore the critical role of multidisciplinary innovations for sustainability and growth of human societies. This conference provides opportunity to the academicians, practitioners, scientists, and scholars from across various disciplines to discuss avenues for interdisciplinary innovations and identify effective ways to address the challenges faced by our societies globally. The research ideas and studies that we received for this conference are very promising, unique, and impactful. I believe these studies have the potential to address key challenges in various sub-domains of social sciences and applied sciences.

I am really thankful to our honorable scientific and review committee for spending much of their time in reviewing the papers for this event. I am also thankful to all the participants for being here with us to create an environment of knowledge sharing and learning. We the scholars of this world belong to the elite educated class of this society and we owe a lot to return back to this society. Let’s break all the discriminating barriers and get free from all minor affiliations. Let’s contribute even a little or single step for betterment of society and welfare of humanity to bring prosperity, peace and harmony in this world. Stay blessed

Thank you.

Dr. Silvia C. Ambag

Conference chair

Email: chair2015@academicfora.com

ECBA-2015

CONFERENCE PROGRAM

DAY 01 Monday (October 26, 2015)

Welcome Reception & Registration

9:00– 9:30 am

Opening Ceremony (09:30 – 10:00 am)

Venue: Room 1

09:30 – 9:40 am	Introduction of Participants
09:40– 9:50 am	Welcome Remarks – Mr. Leon Yap – Conference Coordinator Academic Fora
09:50 -10:00 am	Group Photo Session

Grand Networking Session and Tea Break (10:00– 10:30 am)



DAY 01 Monday (October 26, 2015)
Session 1 (10:30 am – 12:00 pm)
Venue: Room 1

Session Chairs: Dr. Tariq Iqbal Khan

Track A: Engineering & Technology

ECAT-1015-103	Smart Power System Management and Control of Water Stations Garmian Region in Iraq By Using Micro Grid	Sadeq Mohammed Ameen Saeed
ECAT-1015-104	Comparition of Techniques for Voltage Control and Power System Stability in North of Iraq	Ayoob Mustafa Alec
ECAT-1015-102	Modeling the Control System of Sensor Movement Mechanism of Logging Unit	Ismagulova Rauziya

Lunch Break (12:00 - 1:00pm)

DAY 01 Monday (October 26, 2015)

Session 2 (1:00 pm – 2:30 pm)

Venue: Room 1

Session Chairs: Hendrati Dwi Mulyaningsih

Track B: Medical, Medicine & Health Sciences

MCAT-1015-102	The Comparison of the Short Term Effects of High and Low Power Laser Therapy and Traditional Physical Therapy on Supraspinatus Tendinitis	Behrouz Attarbashi Moghadam
MCAT-1015-103	Problems of Medical Care in an Emergency Situation	Ozhikenov Kassymbek

Tea Break (2:30 – 2:45 pm)

DAY 01 Monday (October 26, 2015)
Session 3 (2:45 – 4:00 pm)
Venue: Room 1

Session Chair: Dr. Farooq Ahmed Jam

Track C: Business Management and Social Science

BCAT-1015-117	Life-Cycle Perspective of Knowledge Management Implementation in Social Innovation Process - A Dynamic Knowledge Creating Process within Social Enterprise	Hendrati Dwi Mulyaningsih
BCAT-1015-106	Assessing Electronic Products Under Web for Karate in Iranian, English and Japanese Leagues	Milad Karamoozian
BCAT-1015-107	Designing and Implementing Knowledge Industry: An Integrative Framework for Universities	Seyed Mohammad Ali
BCAT-1015-114	Gender and Genre in Medieval Women's Epic Poetry: Shahnameh and Nibelungenlied	Azadeh Mehrpouyan
BCAT-1015-120	Political Skills Moderates the Relationship between Perception of Organizational Politics and Job Outcomes	Tariq Iqbal Khan

Closing Ceremony: 4:00 – 5:00 pm

DAY 02 Tuesday, (October 27, 2015)

City Tour and Shopping Day

All participants will be free to carry on their own tourism and shopping activities in Antalya. It's a free day for this purpose

LIST OF CONFERENCE ATTENDEES

The following Scholars/ Practitioners/Educationist who don't have any paper presentation, however they will attending the conference as delegates & observers.

Sr. no	Official ID	Name	Affiliation Details	Country
1	BCAT-1015-119	Dr. Farooq Ahmed Jam	University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur	Malaysia



TRACK A: ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

Modeling the Control System of Sensor Movement Mechanism of Logging Unit

**Ozhikenov Kassymbek¹, Tuleshov Erkebulan², Ismagulova
Rauziya^{3*}, Aitzhanova Gulnara⁴, Ozhiken Aibek⁵**

^{1,2,3,4,5}Kazakh National Technical University after K.I. Satpayev, 050013,
Almaty, Kazakhstan ³Kazakh National University after Al-Farabi, 050040,
Almaty, Kazakhstan

Abstract

This work addresses the issue of geological exploration and search of rich ore deposits. One of the effective methods is a use of logging principle, which consists in: a well is drilled in 25-35 cm diameter, then the well side face is studied, i.e. the ore percentage is determined on the well height. The logging unit specified in this work consists of a main stepper motor, reducer, winch and a shell with telescopic sensor. The sensor consists of ionizing radiation sources, proportional counter used for detector, preamplifier and a sensor movement stepper motor. The task of creating a new logging unit, based on the use of massive material x-ray, as well as automation of all processes on this machine with the use of modern achievements of information technology and computer technology is relevant for the following features: creation of high technologies for solution of the tasks of exploration and prediction of mineral deposits within the priority of scientific and technological development of the mining and metallurgical industry of the Republic of Kazakhstan; the absence in Kazakhstan and the need to build a mobile logging unit with automated control and information processing system, based on the advanced method of well logging. The process of work covered a research on the development of a new method and technology of computer control and information processing of logging unit, an X-ray radiometrical logging unit mathematical model and control function was developed. The results of the study can later be used in creating automated mobile logging unit that can be used in mining metallurgical industry.

Keywords: Process, Motor, System, Movement

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Ismagulova Rauziya
Kazakh National Technical University after K.I. Satpayev, 050013 Almaty
Email: irauzya@

Smart Power System Management and Control of Water Stations Garmian Region in Iraq by Using Micro Grid

Sadeq Mohammed Ameen Saeed*

Abstract

The aim of this study is to show how to optimize power of water station Garmian (Iraq) . This optimize done by an operation called Micogrid.It connected grid with PV-Diesel and Battery storages this operation called Micogrid. Micro grids comprise of cluster that Distributed Generation units that include an operation of an electric power distribution system and may depend on different energy sources. Functionally, the microgrid is wanted to provide levels sufficient and improve of power to assemble water station Garmian load. This study presents a fundamental model of an ideal micro grid, The control strategy applied to the inverter consists of two control loops. The current control loop is responsible for power quality issues like low THD and good power factor, whereas voltage control loop balances the power flow in the system Phase Locked Loops (PLLs), Grid synchronizations play an important role for grid connected systems. It synchronizes the output frequency and phase of grid voltage with grid current using different transformation loads and utility distribution networks, which can be connected together to form micro grid. This aim of the study is to model Microgrids at steady state and study their transient responses to changing inputs. Current models of a Diesel Engine, a Battery storages, and finally a Photovoltaic cell have been developed. The first goal of this study is to build a complete model of Microgrid which is consist of the power sources, the power electronics, loads and main models in MATLAB/Simulink. The second goal of this study is an external controller for the purpose of treatment the program the interrupts of power and economic dispatch by using PLC programmable/ xpbuilder software to apparent the operation smart and all cases on screen.

Keyword: Micro Grid, PWM, D-Q Control, Diesel Engine, A Chargeable Battery, Photovoltaic, Grid, PLC, Screen

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Sadeq Mohammed Ameen Saeed
E mail: sadeqhjie@gmail.com

Comparition of Techniques for Voltage Control and Power System Stability in North of Iraq

Ayoob Mustafa Alec*

Abstract

In the north of Iraq continuously demand the power is becoming greater, because the transmission lines are becoming increasingly Strain Tension. Therefore high voltage drop across the transmission lines occurs. At that moment, sending voltage is not equal to the receiving voltage. If the reactive power's flow is not minimized, active and reactive power losses will not reduce. Without this process cannot transfer maximum active power flow to the receiving end. Voltage system goes to the nose point region. Appear the voltage collapse. Finally blackout will occur. The reactive power should be control at the weakest bus in the north of Iraq power system. For this purpose we have more alternative techniques such as transformer tap changer, capacitor banks, static var compensation, and static synchronous compensation. Two reactive power control techniques such as static var compensation and static synchronous compensation have been used in our study. The data of power system in north of Iraq have been used to build the model in the MATLAB/Simulink. Then we have compared them with each other in term of voltage control, by absorbing or generating reactive power. Total power losses are reduced and reactive power punishment are nullify. These devices are connected to the transmission line as shunt near bus that may be suddenly increase load. Transmission's lines function is increased by reactive power compensation. STATCOM and SVC are designed to reduce power system's unrest caused of alteration in reactive power and voltage vacillations in the normal operation of transmission's lines and manufacture distribution systems. Finally, these two Shunt FACTS devices are used for controlling transmission line voltages, power flow, reducing reactive losses and moderate of power system oscillations for high power transfer levels in north of Iraq.

Keyword: SVC, STATCOM, Voltage control, power system stability

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Ayoob Mustafa Alec
Email: aleegantep@gmail.com



TRACK B: MEDICAL, MEDICINE & HEALTH SCIENCES

The Comparison of the Short Term Effects of High and Low Power Laser Therapy and Traditional Physical Therapy on Supraspinatus Tendinitis

Hasan Tamartash¹, Mohammad Reza Ghomi², Niloofar Roostaei³, Behrouz Attarbashi Moghadam⁴

^{1,2,3,4}Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran

Abstract

Tendinitis is one of the most prevalent shoulder disorders. Quality of life and function of patients is strongly affected by shoulder muscles tendinitis due to repeated activities. Physical therapy of shoulder tendinitis includes exercise therapy, ultrasound therapy, cryotherapy, and laser therapy. This study designed to answer the question: is there any difference between the short term effects of high and low power laser therapy on pain and functional status of supraspinatus muscle tendinitis patients? Sixty patients (35 women, 25 men; mean age \pm SD: 38.8 \pm 13.4 years old) participated in the study. Patients randomly break down in 3 groups of high power laser (HPL), low power laser (LPL) and control (20 patients in each group). Each patient had six treatment sessions during two weeks. Outcome measures of the study were visual analog scale (VAS) for pain assessment and The Disabilities of the Arm, Shoulder and Hand (DASH) questionnaire for functional assessment. All groups showed significant changes in the scores of VAS ($P < 0.000$) and DASH questionnaire ($P < 0.001$) after treatment. The results of ANOVA test showed significant differences between groups scores changes (before and after treatment) in VAS ($P < 0.000$) and DASH questionnaire ($P < 0.001$). It seems laser therapy in addition to traditional physical therapy can improve duration and quality of therapy in supraspinatus tendinitis patients. Although there were better short term effects of HPL therapy in comparison with LPL therapy, more complementary studies are needed.

Keywords: Patient, significant, Tendinitis, therapy, life

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Behrouz Attarbashi
Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran
Email: attarbashi@tums.a

Problems of Medical Care in an Emergency Situation

Ozhikenov Kassymbek^{1*}, Bodin Oleg, Ozhikenova Aiman²

^{1,2}K. Satpaev Kazakh National Technical University, Penza State
University

Abstract

The article suggests an approach to settlement of the issue of rendering emergency medical care (EMC) on the basis of medical unmanned aircrafts (quadcopters) (MQ) and medical informational-analytical system (MIAS), gives grounds to the principles for rendering EMC, the functions algorithm of MIAS and requirements to MQ.

Keywords: golden hour, emergency, medicine, information system, analytical system, quadcopter.

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Ozhikenov Kassymbek, K. Satpaev Kazakh National Technical University, Penza State University
Email: kas_ozhiken@mail.ru



**TRACK C: BUSINESS, ECONOMICS, SOCIAL
SCIENCES & HUMANITIES**

Assessing Electronic Products Under Web for Karate in Iranian, English and Japanese Leagues

Milad Karamoozian^{1*}, Salim Hamzeh Javaran²

^{1,2}Department of Sport Management, Science and Research Branch,
Islamic Azad University, Tehran, Iran

Abstract

This paper assesses role of e-products under web and its effect on marketing. The usability, ease of use, visual appeal, and empathy of e-products under web are investigated along with training, researching, informative, ethnic, and technical products. This research also evaluates the perceived quality of e-products via research-made questionnaire and WebQual scale in Iran as a Middle East country, England as European one and Japan as mother karate leagues. Findings were analyzed through one-way variance analysis, Bonferroni method and independent T by SPSS. The paper reports Iran poses the lowest status in the comparison with England and Japan in the educational, research, information and technical components but Japan but Iran status is higher than England in ethnical component. The results show that Iranian e-products has no significant differences with British and Japanese e-products but in terms of quality of websites according to WebQual scale has low quality and only in the terms of ease of use indicates desirable quality.

Keywords: Electronic Products, WebQual, Quality, Marketing, Karate

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed Milad Karamoozian, Department of Sport Management, Science and Research Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tehran, Iran
Email: miladkaramoozian@yahoo.com

Designing and Implementing Knowledge Industry: An Integrative Framework for Universities

Seyed Mohammad Ali Abbasnezhad Bandmir^{1*}, Azadeh Mehrpouyan²

¹Department of Industrial Management, University of Mazandaran, Iran

²Department of English Literature, Central Tehran Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tehran, Iran

Abstract

With the rapid development of industries, information and communication technology, universities can be poses increasingly been impressed by the technology and its applications. The relationship between industry and industry is notable in the countries. The universities attempt to seek opportunities to provide higher quality services through using high-tech. As service sector moves to electronic services, universities can change to knowledge-based origination with employing knowledge management innovations which university success largely depends on. It is required to bridge knowledge from university to industrial sector i.e. Knowledge-based production and Intellectual Capital (IC) should transfer to market practically but a gap exists between these products and supply. This paper extends to identify relevant challenges and limitations at universities in Iran and India e.g. departments of industrial management, English, etc. This study also provides a frame work to design and implement knowledge management systems with focus on eight aspects of objectives, scope, organization, method, technology, achievements and failures. The results show that accomplishment of knowledge management strategies can be effective positively in spite of existing challenges.

Keywords: Management system, Research, Higher education, Strategy, Knowledge Economy, Industry.

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Seyed Mohammad Ali Abbasnezhad Bandmir, Department of Industrial Management, University of Mazandaran, Iran
Email: ali_kaptan2771@yahoo.com

Gender and Genre in Medieval Women's Epic Poetry: Shahnameh and Nibelungenlied

**Shervin Khamseh¹, Seyede Samereh Abbasnezhad Banehmir²,
Azadeh Mehrpouyan^{3*}**

^{1,2}Department of Persian Literature, Central Tehran Branch, Islamic Azad
University, Tehran, Iran

Abstract

This study explores an ideological framework of genre in Persian and German literature by charting the relationship between ideology and gender in Epic genre. This research also addresses to determine a variety of epic woman's function and identify the similarities and differences of eastern and western female characters e.g. Gordafarid, Gordyeh and . Epic women's different aspects are recognized. The effect of society ideology about women is more dominant than writer's view in the Department of English Literature, Central Tehran Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tehran, Iran selected epic poetry. Analytical, descriptive, correlational comparative research was conducted through cross-cultural survey. Present study examines how masculinity, as well as femininity, is constructed in medieval Persian and German texts, and shows that gender is a crucial element in the formation of the ideologies that underpin epic as eminent medieval literary genres.

Keywords: Epic, Ideology, Gender, Genre, Medieval.

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Azadeh Mehrpouyan, Department of English Literature, Central Tehran Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tehran, Iran
Email: dr.mehrpooyan@gmail.com

Political Skills Moderates the Relationship between Perception of Organizational Politics and Job Outcomes

Tariq Iqbal Khan*

Faculty of Management Sciences, Mohammad Ali Jinnah University,
Islamabad, Pakistan

Abstract

This research investigates the moderating effect of political skills and relationship between perception of organizational politics with job stress, affective commitment, intention to quit and contextual performance. This study analyzes the effect of perception of organizational politics on four types of job outcomes. Sample size of 300 employees from public and private sector organizations of Pakistan were used to examine the hypothesis and the results will be helpful for us to examine our entire hypothesis. This finding demonstrates the need to consider in different situations. Several future researches were recommended for further inquiry into perception of organizational politics with different other job outcomes.

Keywords: Perception of organizational politics, job stress, Affective Commitment, Contextual performance, Private Sector Organizations in Pakistan.

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Tariq Iqbal Khan, Faculty of Management Sciences, Mohammad Ali Jinnah University, Islamabad, Pakistan
Email: tariqiqbal@gmail.com

Life-Cycle Perspective of Knowledge Management Implementation in Social Innovation Process - A Dynamic Knowledge Creating Process within Social Enterprise

Hendrati Dwi Mulyaningsih*

¹School of Business and Management Institute of Technology Bandung
Indonesia

Abstract

Knowledge management in the social innovation process focused on the knowledge creation and sharing because all the process of innovation are all about knowledge creation and usage. The activities in doing the first stage is an individual activities and afterward the knowledge of that individual will be transferred through the sharing and it will become the strategic decision of the organization. Furthermore Social enterprise can derive strategic advantage through cultivate or nurture the knowledge. In the perspective of innovation as the process, knowledge is the essence of the innovation process. Social innovation as the process, starting the activities from the finding social problem as the sources for the idea conception, and afterward will be continued with the collaborative idea generating to find the feasibility of the program towards through appraisal the needs of society and organization itself. The knowledge process in this phase is socialization (Tacit to Tacit) by having conversation, discussion and Focus Group Discussion (FGD) among the actors in charge. In this phase Social enterprise will find the gap between the knowledge that is needed and the knowledge that is existed within organization. The relation between Knowledge Management and the process innovation could be argued that the innovation process is the interrelated activities from ideas to invention and to its commercialization, where the new knowledge is created and used through these activities.

Keywords: Srtegic, Management, Enterprise, Social

*All correspondence related to this article should be directed to Hendrati Dwi Mulyaningsih, of Business and Management Institute of Technology Bandung Indonesia
Email: hendrati.dwi@gmail.com

FUTURE EVENTS

You can find the Details regarding our future events by following below:

Business, Economics, Social Science & Humanities (BESSH) Conferences:

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-kota-kinabalu-sabah-october-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-singapore-october-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-bali-indonesia-november-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-bangkok-thailand-november-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-jakarta-indonesia-november-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-kuala-lumpur-malaysia-november-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-langkavi-malaysia-november-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-penang-malaysia-november-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-phuket-thailand-november-2015/>

<http://academicfora.com/bessh-bali-indonesia-december-2015/>
<http://academicfora.com/bessh-bangkok-thailand-december-2015/>
<http://academicfora.com/bessh-jakarta-indonesia-december-2015/>
<http://academicfora.com/bessh-kuala-lumpur-malaysia-december-2015/>
<http://academicfora.com/bessh-pattaya-thailand-december-2015/>
<http://academicfora.com/bessh-phuket-thailand-december-2015/>
<http://academicfora.com/bessh-singapore-december-2015/>
<http://academicfora.com/bessh-vogyakarta-indonesia-december-2015/>

Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied Science

<http://academicfora.com/ecba-october-30-31-2015-kota-kinabalu-sabah-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-2015-november-02-03-2015-langkawi-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-november-04-05-2015-penang-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-2015-november-09-10-2015-kuala-lumpur-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-november-16-17-2015-phuket-thailand/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-november-18-19-2015-jakarta-indonesia/>

<http://academicfora.com/ecba-november-23-24-2015-bali-indonesia/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-december-07-08-2015-pattaya-thailand/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-december-11-12-2015-phuket-thailand/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-december-14-15-2015-kaula-lumpur-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-december-17-18-2015-singapore/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-december-23-24-2015-bali-indonesia/>
<http://academicfora.com/ecba-2015-december-28-29-2015-jakarta-indonesia/>

Medical, Medicine & Health Science

<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-november-02-03-2015-langkavi-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-november-04-05-2015-penang-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-november-09-10-2015-kuala-lumpur-malaysia/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-november-12-13-2015-bangkok-thailand/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-november-16-17-2015-phuket-thailand/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-november-18-19-2015-jakarta-indonesia/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-november-23-24-2015-bali-indonesia/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-07-08-2015-pattaya-thailand/>
<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-09-10-2015-bangkok-thailand/>

<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-11-12-2015-phuket-thailand/>

<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-14-15-2015-kuala-lumpur-malaysia/>

<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-17-18-2015-singapore/>

<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-23-24-2015-bali-indonesia/>

<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-28-29-2015-jakarta-indonesia/>

<http://academicfora.com/mmhs-december-30-31-2015-yogyakarta-indonesia/>

VISION

Our vision is to promote research excellence
through networking platform.

ECBA - 2015

International Conference on

Engineering & Technology, Computer, Basic & Applied Sciences

October 26-27, 2015

Organized by:



ACADEMICFORA
www.academicfora.com